MAYBE A LITTLE CEREMONY AT SIXTY-SEVENTH ST.

Bradley Company Will Start Holes in Twenty Places Peckworth's Bond for Another Stretch Not Ready Yet Interborough Explains Its Attitude.

The Public Service Commission announced yesterday that work on the Lexington avenue subway will be begun on Monday, July 31, at Sixty-seventh street. There will probably be a cere mony to mark the turning of the first bit of earth, but it will be simple and will in all like!lhood consist of Chairman Willcox of the Public Service Commission throwing up the first spadeful.

The Bradley company, which has se cured the contracts for the building of the greater part of the Lexington avenue line from Twenty-sixth street to 106th street, will have plants along the avenue by that time and will be ready to start work in about twenty places.

It was expected that the contract for the construction of the stretch between Fortieth and Fifty-third streets, which was let to Charles H. Peckworth, would be signed yesterday, but he has not yet handed to the commission bonds for the proper completion of the work. The bid of the Peckworth firm was about \$1,200,000 Mr. Peckworth will, however, have sixty days in which to qualify.

pany in yesterday's issue of the publication it brings out every month gave a description of the attitude of the company could avoid putting himself directly on in the subway negotiations. Part of record in the matter.

The Interborough company never denied transit plan from a geographical point of view. The officials of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, realizing their obligation to their stockholders, realizing at all times that they were representing the stroying a valuable and prosperous propagreed that as a business proposition and to their care the officials of the Interborough

pany which, while protecting the property and the business of the company, was at the same time in the nature of a concession, because it provided for doubling the lines of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, doubling the responsibilities of operation, doubling the number of passengers carried-if traffic increased to that extent and at the same time provided for a reduction of over \$1,000,000 in its income. was a concession representative of all that the Interborough Rapid Transit Company could do, for it is obvious that when a transit corporation responding to the demands of the public, responding to the natural desire which it has to expand and develop its business, goes ahead and makes an enormous investment and doubles its mileage and its equipment, it would naturally expect to make more money rather than creditable to the Mayor."

less. Yet the Interborough Rapid Transit

Mr. Little further ag Company in carrying out these negotiations and bringing them to what all the conferees regarded as a successful conclusion agreed o accept a million dollars less than it is now

during the recent negotiations. The management of the company is entrusted with the care and the custody of a magnificent property earning large returns upon the investment, and they have never had any doubt that it was their duty to conserve this property and this business and to increase rather than to diminish it. They have never had any doubt that it would be a violation of trust and confidence for them to enter into a disastrous contract or become parties to an undertaking so expensive that it would entail great loss and who shall be paid proper salaries."

"President Lowell believes that New York should have an unpaid Board of Education which had not explain the occurrence which he said recently happened in Washington which made him think he had not been gold bricked.

At the afternoon session Judge Hancey expensive that it would entail great loss and who shall be paid proper salaries." doubt that it was their duty to conserve

Commissioner Cram, who has been urging the third tracking of the elevated roads, got into another dispute with his Public Service Board. Commissioner

Eustis told Mr. Cram that the counsel.

OTTAWA July 25 The Government to the commission was working on the certificates, but he was waiting for some

instructed by us."

Of Canada is nearing its end. Ev.

Mr. Eustis replied that the counsel thing points to an early dissolution.

Repid Transit Company, who attended with William F. Sheehan and ex-Justice Edward B. Hatch, counsel to the comengineering details of the offer made to the Brooklyn company in the resolution passed last Friday by the Board of Estimate. One subject talked over was whether the three South Brooklyn routes, the Culver, Sea Beach and West End lines, should be made part of the elevated extensions or of the Fourth avenue subway. It was not determined which would be the levated extensions or plan to follow. It is believed that Berliament in the recent imperial conference at London. Sir Wilfrid replied that the newspaper reports that the Controller Bay investigation was to be dropped until fall were not true. "What is this committee going to do?" the conference sooner than they really wished.

### CRUISING PARTY MISSING. No News From Pleasure Seekers Since June 30.

have been instituted around Buzzards Bay and along the Massachusetts coast terislized. for Ernest W. Dav. master mechanic Watertown, who has not been heard from since he sent his wife some picture cards from New Bedford on June 30. stopped in that port while on a

yachting trip.
The Hood people have engaged a detective to search for Day on the suppo-sition that he may have been lost at sea company with four other men, friends of his, but whose names are unknown to

tion, had chartered the yawl aments and that he was going on a cruise with them. That also appears to be about all the information that Day gave his wife as to his plans for his outing. The leave of absence expired some time ago and the company many parties.



A PURE WATER Three essentials of correct living. SUN-RAY WATER CO.,

BROADWAY & 34TH ST., NEW YORK Telephone 6874 Murray Hill

WILSON REPORTS ON WILEY.

Believed to Have Recommended the Dismissal of the Doctor.

WASHINGTON, July 25.-Secretary of Agriculture Wilson has laid before President Taft his recommendation in the case of Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, the pure food specialist and chief of the bureau of chemistry. While Secretary Wilson declined to comment on his findings, the general impression is that he has sustained the report of the personnel committee of the Department of Agriculture in recommending that Dr. Wiley be allowed to resign

Such a recommendation had been ex pected from Secretary Wilson if he made lower than that of the Bradley company. any recommendation at all. The Secretary managed, when he first laid the case before the President, to avoid making The Interborough Rapid Transit Com- any definite recommendations, but President Taft referred the case back to him in such a way that Mr. Wilson no longer

inasmuch as he is supposed to have consulted with the personnel committee that the McAneny report, as originally of the Department in their investigation submitted, furnished an attractive rapid and determination of the Wiley case it has been expected Mr. Wilson would be obliged to stand firmly by the findings of that committee. Some of Secretary Wilson's friends were busy to-day explain interests of others, realizing that in the ing that the President might reject Secre-business world there is no excuse for de-tary Wilson's recommendation, whatever it may be, without necessarily raising any refused to make a disastrous bargain, serious question between him and the After the situation had been gone over in conference the representatives of the city and of the Public Service Commission in regard to departmental effects. in regard to departmental affairs.

If Mr. Taft, however, decides to retain Dr. Wiley in the face of a recommenda-Rapid Transit Company were precluded tion to the contrary by Secretary Wilson from making a contract upon the basis it would seem to leave Mr. Wilson in an originally suggested in the McAneny report.

Thereafter a new proposal was drafted would be obliged to retain as head of one of the most important bureas in his Department a man whom he would have officially declared to be unfit.

### DR. LOWELL ANSWERS GAYNOR. Sithheld Mayor's Letter Because It Was

Hardly Creditable to the Writer. BOSTON, July 25.-C. C. Little, private secretary to President A. Lawrence Lowell of Harvard, to-day on behalf of Dr. Lowell answered Mayor Gaynor's accusation that Dr. Lowell has suppressed the Mayor's communication with a statement to the effect that the president had not published the Mayor's letter "because it contained some things that were hardly

Mr. Little further savs: "President Lowell did not have his own letter published. That merely came out in the ordinary course of events and without any desire of the president.

The Interhorough Rapid Transit Com
Mr. Little characterized Mayor Gaynor's made me change my mind a bit. Glavis pany has no applicate to offer for its course charge that the president was unfair during the recent negotiations. The maning the recent negotiations. The maning the recent negotiations. The maning the recent negotiations are supported by the president was unfair in the whole controversy as "childish."

Mr. Keeley's story of how the Tribune. in the whole controversy as "childish." It is merely an affair," he continued. in which the president and the Mayor! of New York do not agree and the result

OTTAWA, July 25 - The Government some and Opposition caucuses held this after certificates, but he was valided for the further instructionse.

"It seems to me," said Mr. Cram someting the the House of Commons demonstrate what tarily, "that it is the function of the clearly that this eleventh Parliament of Canada is nearing its end. Everyone the counsel to instruct us and not wait to be of Canada is nearing its end.

had to be advised as to terms, and then he added: "And let me tell you that the rest of the Commissioners discussed those terms for an hour after you left yesterday." Mr. Eustis said further that if every

day." Mr. Eustis said further that if every member of the commission would help to discuss those terms it might facilitate matters. Mr. Cram did not reply. After the meeting he was told that the certificates would be ready in a few days.

There was a conference held yesterday between the members of the commission. President Williams of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, who attended morrow.

At the afternoon session to-day Sig It was explained afterward that Wilfrid Laurier was severely criticised an investigation into conditions on the the purpose of the conference was to begin by F. D. Monk, the Nationalist leader, for a series of discussions on the legal and engineering details of the offer made by F. D. Monk, the Nationalist leader, for

It is believed that Parliament will be dissolved within two weeks and that a tor several months except to complete general election will follow not later than October 1

The reciprocity debate was resumed at June 30.

Boston, July 25.—Widespread inquiries ave been instituted around Buzzards ay and along the Massachusetts coast or Ernest W. Day, master mechanic by the Opposition leaders, who do not the Augusta of the Company of the Comp at the Hood Rubber Company's works in want them here, and they are said to have they can do business by telephone

# WANT HOKE SMITH IN SENATE.

Day's employers.

In June Day applied for a short leave of absence, as he said that four of his friends, whose names he did not mention, had chartered the yawl Annette and that he was going on a cruise with all wool tariff revision measure is voted.

No yawt has been wrecked in Fuzzards
Ray nor along the Massachusetts coast
recently so far as known, but has Sunday
night persons ashore at Seasonnet Foint.

Should Gov. Smith accede to the request of the Democratic Senators he
would have to resign as Governor in the
norming and leave for Washington at ment to the wool bill, ch morning and leave for Washington at ment to the wool bill, changing all specific

# SUBWAY DIGGING ON MONDAY PURE FOOD, PURE AIR BUNCOED IN LORIMER CASE

EDITOR OF CHICAGO "TRIBUNE" TELLS OF SMALL SWINDLE.

He Paid George Glavis \$750 for Books Showing Alleged Culpability of Lorimer in Lobbying Transactions-Then He Couldn't Get the Needed Books.

WASHINGTON, July 25 - James Keeley, general manager and editor of the Chicago Tribune, to-day told the members of the Senate committee investigating the election of Senator Lorimer of Illinois that the Tribune had been "defrauded" out of \$750 by George O. Glavis, a brother of Louis R. Glavis, formerly field agent of the General Land Office at Seattle, Wash., and one of the chief witnesses in the Bal-

linger-Pinchot row. Mr. Keeley, who was cross-examined by Judge E. G. Hancey, counsel for Sena-tor Lorimer, said that Glavis came to him and told him he thought he could purchase the books of a firm of lobbyists which, Glavis said, would show that Senator Lorimer while a member of the House of Representatives received 25 per cent. of a \$2,000 fee for his services before the Post Office Department in obtaining the privilege of the second class postal rates for the Fireproof Magazine, a Thicago publication. Glavis also told Mr. Keeley, the latter said, that ex-Repre- | Sou sentative James A. Tawney of Minnesota also was mixed up in the transaction.

Mr. Keeley said he advanced Glavis \$100 to pay the expenses of finding the documents. Later, Mr. Keeley testified, Glavis informed him he had purchased them for the Tribune and the sum of \$650 was then paid to Mr. Glavis. But when Mr. Keeley demanded the papers he could not get them and then swore out a warrant for Glavis's arrest for embezzlement. Glavis was arrested in Chicago and brought to Washington for trial.

"When Glavis came to me," continued Mr. Keeley, "I questioned him persistently about the existence of these documents. He said that he had known that they were in existence about a year and he thought he could locate them. He said he could get them from the wife of one of the former members of the firm, who suffered from tuberculosis and had gone West for his health. I told him to buy them and gave him \$100 to pay the expenses of his trip from Chicago to Wash-Later he reported he had made the purchase and had turned the papers over to his brother. Ed Glavis, for indexing. I had an interview with Ed Glavis, who said he had not received any papers from his brother George and did not know anything about them. Later Glavis offered to return the money the Tribune had advanced him if we would agree

had advanced him if we would agree not to arrest him."

"What did you want with these books and papers?" asked Judge Hanecy.
"I intended to investigate their accuracy," replied Mr. Keeley. "If they showed evidence of crime I intended to by them before the District Attorney, and if they showed that Senator Lorimer had been involved as Christophysical according to the property of the senator Lorimer had been involved as Christophysical according to the senator loring that the senator loring the senator l

"Glavis said it was the firm of street
& Smith in the receipt which he signed
when we gave him the money," answered
Mr. Keeley "That is apparently a
fictitious name. I think we were gold
bricked, but something has happened
since I came to Washington which has

Mr. Keeley's story of how the Tribune had been "stung" was amusing to the members of the committee Judge Hanecy and Senator Lorimer, who was listening to the testimony, also laughed several features of the story

time was devoted to the activities of re-porters of the *Tribune* whom Mr. Keeley sent out to investigate the con-fession of Charles A. White, a Democratic

to sent reporters and detectives out to corroborate the White confession, did you not?" asked Judge Haneey. "No," replied Mr. Keeley. "We wished to investigate it, to verify its accuracy or to prove its falsity."

### SILENCE ON CONTROLLER BAY. In Effort to Learn Why the Inquiry Was Dropped Fails.

WASHINGTON, July 25.-Representative Burke tried to-day to find out why the much heralded investigation of the Controller Bay land tangle had been dropped like a hot potato by the House Committee on Expenditures in the Interior Department.

The meeting of the committee to was called by Chairman Graham to begin an investigation into conditions on the White Earth Indian reservation in Minnesta. Mr. Burke started out by suggesting to Chairman Graham that he hoped the newspaper reports that the Controller Bay investigation was to be dropped until fall were not true.

"What is this committee going to do?" he asked of the chairman. ceedings of the recent imperial conference ing to Chairman Graham that he hoped

committee didn't propose to do anything ad valorem, 32.17-14.11.

Bay case.
"But," said Mr. Burke earnestly, "the claims filed upon Controller Bay have not yet matured. If there is anything responsible in connection with them it is important that it be ascertained at the earliest possible moment. There has b enough said in the press about this affair to warrant the assumption that the country

is demanding an immediate inquiry."

After another long pause for reflection Chairman Graham answered:

"To turn the searchlight on a matter as involved as this," said he, "takes time, Democratic Leaders trge Him to Come and if I have my way I propose to see that all necessary time is allowed and that every hole and crevice is reached by the searchlight. But this inquiry must be made in an orderly fashion, and in order to do that all the documentary cratic leaders in the United States Senate mittee's record of the case." evidence must be included mittee's record of the case.

# TO REDUCE DUTIES GRADUALLY.

within a few days the company inquired of his wife why he had not returned to make in regard to the matter.

Washington, July 25.—Senator New-lands of Nevada to-day offered an amend-matter.

The Senator also proposed an amendneight persons ashore at Seaconnet Foint.
R. I., saw a yawl making heavy weather to reach there in time to of it in the tremendous seas which were running. Apparently the yawl had come from the direction of Marthas Vineyard toward Newport.

Collector Soule of New Tedford said distance telephone inquiries about the Annette, one coming from B. A. Penton of Saratoga, N. Y.

ment to the wool bill, changing all specific duties now authorized by law into ad valorem duties as of the 1st day of January, 1912, and authorizing the President with the aid of the Tariff Board and the other statistical forces of the Government to ascertain the ad valorem equivalent of the existing specific duties where length and the existing specific duties alone are levied and the telegrans urging his presence in barrassing him politically in Georgia.

Sale of Haytian Cartridges.

A special sale of rifle and revolver duties now authorizing the President specific and authorizing the President specific duties now authorizing the President specific d

### TIME

Time is a stock company in which all men have an equal

twenty-four hours a day. Some squander their inheritance and others turn it to profit. It is an important part of our business to make time yield dividends in the shape of rental returns on building enterprises.

The sooner a building is finished the sooner it will earn money for its owner-and we are equipped to give perhaps the most rapid building service in the world to-day. THOMPSON-STARRETT

### **Building Construction** Fifty-One Wall Street

FOR A NEW COTTON SCHEDULE

COMPANY

HOUSE DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS VOTES FOR THE BILL.

Opposition Voted Down Quickly Amendment Favored by Speaker Clark Put to Sleep Eastly Action walts the Senate's Tariff Mood.

WASHINGTON, July 25 .- The Democrats of the House of Representatives in caucus this afternoon tried hard to agree upon an approximate date for the adjournment of Congress. They failed to get together and the question was left to be settled by another caucus to be called some time after Thursday of this week, when the Senate is to vote on the wool bill

It was made plain to the House leaders that if the Senate passes any sort of wool bill affording even the barest chance for compromise in caucus on a reasonable Democratic" wool revision measure a great majority of the House membership will favor staying in session and going ahead with the work of revising the tariff piecemeal, but if the Senate votes down the House wool bill and indicates by its attitude that the Demo cratic-Insurgent Republican element in that body is not strong enough to accomplish anything it is probable that the advice of Speaker Clark and Majority

Leader Underwood will prevail and that Congress will adjourn by August 15. To-day's caucus was called to consider the Underwood bill revising the cotton schedule. There were only a few votes in opposition.

Representative Webb of North Carolina.

who has 110 cotton mills in his district, made the principal fight against the bill. He offered a resolution proposing to postpone action on the measure until the Ways and Means Committee should present a bill reducing the duty on dyes and showed evidence of the District Attorney and if they showed that Senator Lorimer and if they showed that Senator Lorimer had been involved, as Glyvis charged I intended to lay them before this committee which is investigating Mr. Lorimer's election. Later, at the proper time, I intended to print the story.

"Do you know the name of the firm of lobbyists whose books were to be purchased by Glyvis?" inquired Judge Haneey.

Haneey.

Haneey.

Mr. Webb, after his resolution had been frowned upon uncfficially, induced frowned upon uncfficially, induced frowned upon uncfficially.

the House in session without any good rasson. When he got through his colleagues turned down Speaker Clark and Mr. Webb by a good sized majority, once more demonstrating conclusively that the Alabama member is now the real leader of the House and much stronger than any other individual member is now the real leader of the House and much stronger than any other individual member is now the real leader of the House and much stronger than any other individual member is now the real leader of the House and much stronger than any other individual member is now the real leader of the House and much stronger than any other individual member is now the real leader of the House and much stronger than any other individual member is now the real leader of the House and member is now the real leader of the House and member is now the real leader of the House and member is now the real stronger than any other individual member of each of the nine pooling associations except the Horseshoe Manufacture of thirty-three.

The resolutions committee kept the agreement and mentioned no leader's name, past or present. Allegiance to the name inspection and picked out the same inspection and picked out the same

that the Alabama member is now the real leader of the House and much stronger than any other individual member in it, including the Speaker.

Representative Sisson of Mississippi offered a resolution instructing the Ways and Means Committee to report by August bills reducing the tariff on steel, rubber, sugar and other articles. After Chairman Underwood of the Ways and Means Committee had explained the impossibility of the committee even with the best of intentions doing any such thing this resolution also was smothered. Then the cotten bill was adopted and the protracted wrangle over the tariff poncy of the House and the approximate date of adjournment began. The caucus lasted from 2 o'clock this afternoon until after 7 this evening.

The Linderwood cotton revision prof. The L norters of the Tribune whom Mr. Then any other individual member in it. Representative Sisson of Charles A. White, a Democratic member of the Assembly, printed in the Tribune of April 30, 1910, in which White admitted having received money to vote for Lorimer.

"You sent reporters and detectives out the Committee to report by August bills reducing the tariff on steel, rubber, sugar and other articles. After Chair-sugar and other articles.

Underwood cotton revision pro-

On cotton thread and carded yarn, warns Ac various grades from 5 to 20 per cent

Spool thread, 26.63-15. Cotton cloth, not bleached, dyed or printed, from 15 to 30 per cent., 42.46-

Handkerchiefs or mufflers, 59.05-30. Ready made clothing and other wearing

Plushes, velvets, &c., 54.33-30. Curtains, table covers, &c., 50-35. Stockings and half hose made on knitting

Stockings, hose and half hose knit 71.57-40. Men's and boys' cotton gloves, 71.57-35.

l nderwear, 59-30 Beltings, 36.97-25. Bindings &c. 36.97-15. totton table damask, 40-25. Towels, doilies, &c. 45-25. All articles made from cotton cloth specifically provided for in this act, 46-30.

Collars and cuffs, 50.02-25.

A caucus by the Senate Democrats tonight resulted in no agreement being reached on the question of a woollen bill, but another meeting will be held to-mor-row night at which the discussion will be resumed, and an effort made to reach some Washington, July 25.—Senator New-lands of Nevada to-day offered an amend-ment to the farmers' free list bill enacting a gradual decrease of duties at the rate of 10 per cent. a year.

## ONLY FINE FOR WIRE POOL MEN

PLEAS OF NON VULT ACCEPTED BY JUDGE ARCHBALD.

We Know Now, He Says, That the Wire Pools Were Forbidden, but Nobody Knew Until Recently Just What the Law Meant 47 Cases Undisposed Of.

Thirty-seven of the eighty-four wire manufacturers and their employees who were indicted by the Grand Jury here on June 29 on the charge of combining in nine pools now extinct to restrain trade in the wire business entered pleas of nolo contendere before Judge Archbald in the Criminal Branch of the United States Circuit Court yesterday and each was fined \$1,000 on the initial indictment and \$100 on every additional indictment against him. The total amount of the fines imposed is \$12,700 and \$21,000 vas paid to Commissioner Shields before he closed his office for the night.

In the cases of most of the thirty-seven appearing before Judge Archbald yesterday the nolo contendere plea was entered to supplant the original plea of not guilty already made: for a few the nolo contendere was the initial plea. District Attorney Wise has heard from the lawyers representing several other indicted wire men that they too will come into court to-morrow and plead non

Those who pleaded yesterday and were sentenced to be fined represented the following pooling associations alleged by the Government to have been formed in 1908: Lead Fncased Rubber Cable Association, Fine Magnet Wire Association, Rubber Covered Wire Association Rope Association, Weatherproof Wire and Magnet Wire Association, Underground Power Cable Association, Tele phone Cable Association, Horseshoe Manufacturers Association and Bare Copper Wire Association. Though several who paid up yesterday were listed under scattering indictments as representatives of the Bare Copper Wire Association, William P. Palmer, the president of the American Steel and Wire Company whose name headed the list under the Bare Copper Wire Association and who was indicted seven times, was not one of those to appear

The American Steel and Wire Company one of the largest subsidiaries of the United States Steel Corporation, inti- by a combination of leaders who had demated to District Attorney Wise, so he said yesterday, that it was going to fight. Since none of the officers of that empany listed in the indictments was in the juris diction of the court here Wise was pre-paring to go out and get them when a few days ago the American Steel and Wire company's lawyers asked him to desist; the indicted men would come voluntarily to the court in New York, they promised. testerday Mr. Wise said that he took this as an indication that the officers of the Steel Corporation's subsidiary would fall into line and follow the example set by the thirty seven vesterday.

fall into line and follow the example set by the thirty-seven yesterday.

Among forty-seven other indicted wire men who have yet to answer to the in-dictment and who were not represented in Judge Archbald's court yesterday are Herbert L. Satierlee, included in the Government's case because he is presi-dent of the Habirshaw Wire Company; Frank J. Gould, indicted as president of the Old Dominion Iron and Nail Works; Erskine Hewitt, vice-president of the the opinion that inasmuch as it was proposed to indorse a bill so largely reducing the duties on manufactures of cotton in which his and other districts were vitally concerned, there should at the same time be provision for legislation which his and other districts were vitally concerned, there should at the same time be provision for legislation which his and other districts were vitally concerned, there should at the same time be provision for legislation which his and other districts were vitally concerned, there should reduce the burden on the manufacturer. His resolution was voted down was voted down was voted down brownwhelmingly.

Mr. Webb, after his resolution had been flower and pass the cotton bill and then have the House proceed with revision of the schedule concerning the other articles in his last. Mr. Clark got up and made a speech in flavor of this proposition.

What do you think about it, Oscar? "yelled a bunch of Democrats to the Way's and Means chairman.

What do you think about it, Oscar?" yelled a bunch of Democrats to the Way's and Means chairman.

What do you think about it, Oscar? "yelled a bunch of Democrats to the Way's and Means chairman.

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What do you think about it, Oscar?" yelled a bunch of Democrats to the Way's and Means chairman.

What have the House in resolution and the habot it of the lawer to whom is attributed the formation of the nine pooling associations of the schedule concerning the other and with the proposal to the lawer to whom is attributed the formation of the nine pooling associations of the schedule concerning the other thanks of the proposal to the lawer to whom is attributed to

That there had been an agreement upon pleas among the defendants was in-dicated as soon as Francis Rawle, a Phila-The Underwood cotton revision provides for even greater reductions than had been anticipated. In a general way it just about cuts the present duties in half. In explaining the measure to the caucus Mr. Underwood called attention to the fact that for the year ended June 30, 1910, the imports of manufactures of cotton of this district within his recollection. Mr. Underwood called attention to the fact that for the year ended June 30, 1910, the imports of manufactures of cotton amounted to \$28,417,441 and the duties to \$13,873,801. Under the Underwood bill, he said, the experts of the Ways and Means (Committee had figured that the imports for the twelve months following its passage would aggregate \$39,183,800 and the primary of the country of the twelve months following its passage would aggregate \$39,183,800 and the primary of the opinion that the violation of the opinion that the opinion that the violation of the opinion that the o not of the opinion that the violation the law upon which the wire manufa the law upon which the wire manufac-turers were indicted came under this

category.

"This is what you might call a trade offence," said Judge Archbald. "It is an offence which by the act of Congress is against the interests of the business world. Congress has declared that combinations in restraint of trade shall not exist. It seems to me I am to go to the carries of the constant of trade shall not exist. world. Congress has declared that combinations in restraint of trade shall not exist. It seems to me I am not going out of the way when I say that just what was meant by this law has remained in considerable uncertainty up to this time. We now know exactly or very nearly what it means, and from this time on here will be no excuse, but I feel justified in looking upon what has occurred in the past in this light, and therefore I certainly regard this as calling for nothing except a proper vindication of the law by a fine. The extent of that fine is somewhat difficult for me to fix, but it should be a substantial fine and I will impose a thousand dollars in this case on each defendant. Where the defendant has pleaded and been sentenced to a fine of \$1,000 in one case in the second case I will modify it to \$100."

One of the defendants who appeared by common consent to have been chosen emergency treasurer passed through the that dropped into it filled it and showed with a valise and the rolls of bills that dropped into it filled it and showed yellow over the edge. Those who did not have the money handy were paroled in the custody of their counsel.

Mr. Wise, wishing to have it very definitely understood that the upshot of the indictments in the case of the thirty-seven appearing to plead was not the

indictments in the case of the thirtyseven appearing to plead was not result of a compromise, gave out the owing explanation.
"The plea of polo contendere

"The plea of Polo contendere per-cepted in law as having the a me effect as a plea of guilty, and a defendant who has entered such a plea and been sen-tenced thereon is in law considered to has entered such a plea and been sentenced thereon is in law considered to have been convicted of the offence charged in the indictment."

#### Suicide May Have Been Mehaus. HAGRENSACK, N. J., July 25. It is he-

Heved that the suicide found in the woods of leved that the suicide found in the woods at Fairview on Sunday was August to-day by Deputy Sheriff Hill on an order issued by Surrogate Millard for contempt in failing to make an accounting the found on him bore the initials "A. N." as The body was buried yesterday. It was thought that Niehaus went West.

# Administrative Ability

The safety of your Estate will depend upon the Administrative Ability of the executor you appoint, quite as much as upon his integrity, experience and good intentions.

You are not apt to find an individual having the requisite ability for successful executorship, who is willing or in a position to undertake the responsibility.

Placed in our hands, your estate will benefit by the combined executive ability and experience of our officers, especially trained in trust matters, and will be protected by our large financial resources.

It is safe to entrust the interests of your wife, children or other heirs to this institution, created by the State of New York to perform the duties of trusteeship and giving assurance of the best possible administration, uninterrupted by the mischances of human frailties.

Confer with our officers in regard to your Will and other trust affairs.

Trustee for Personal Trusts FIFTH AVENUE & 36TH STREET, NEW YORK

#### NEBRASKA **IGNORES**

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION HAS PRAISE FOR NOBODY.

of this city on the Ohio side of the Ohio All Factions Afraid to Start a Row-Republican Convention Praises Admin-istration, but Says Nothing About men in an attempted holdup this aftersecond Term for Fear of La Follette

FREMONT, Neb., July 25 .- The Democratic State convention was a very timid affair in contrast with the advance no-

It was controlled from beginning to end

cided that harmony should prevail. This was based on an insistence that party victory would be impossible if any row was permitted. It was acquiesced in by the representatives of Bryan and by Dahlman and other leaders of the anti-Bryan faction after each had been shown that neither possessed sufficient following | The highwaymen finally turned and ran to secure either commendation or condemnation of Bryan.

The harmony men, who were mainly anti-Bryan Democrats, sought for a time to get an indorsement, but were ruled out with bloodhounds had taken the trail. by the leaders, who feared this would

principles are triumphant in public opinion and that the Republican party is being forced gradually to abandon its attempt to hold the rank and file to support the so-called protective tariff policy of that party.

attempt to hold the rank and file to support the so-called protective tariff policy of that party.

"While we regret that there was not a Democratic President and a Democratic Senate to make possible a beginning of tariff revision by striking a first blow at the protection now accorded all trust products in the present tariff bill, we point to the Taft reciprocity measure as proof that the Republican party is now abandoning even the pretence that its protective policy is for the benefit of the American farmer. The Democratic free list tariff bill is proof that our party has taken a first step in the right direction and can be trusted when it is given power to reduce the tariff which feeds the trusts and fattens them at the expense of the farmers of the nation." farmers of the nation."

LINCOLN, Neb., July 25—So well ciled were the wheels of the Republican State convention here to-day that before the

three hours and not a single question was debated on the floor. All resolutions were handled in committee and there was no disposition shown by the La Follette men to cause trouble other than to warn the "regulars" before the convention was called to order that they would fight a resolution indorsing Taft for renomina-

Former Magistrate Arrested for Contempt of Court.

WHITE PLAINS, July 25. Former Police Justice G. Truman Capron was arrested

contempt order also imposed a fine

BRYAN ROBBERS SHOOT PAYMASTER

Holds to His \$5,000 Despite Patal Wounds in Lonely Road. WHEELING, W. Va., July 25,-W. H. Werker, foreman and paymaster of the Rush coal mine No. 2, eight miles north

Werker had \$5,000 with which to payoff the miners. The thieves did not get the

money Werker was in a buggy accompanied by his wife, while some distance in the rear of him was an armed guard. When about half amile from the mine in a lonely part of the road four men stepped from the woods and opened fire on Werker. He was shot clear through the body with a shotgun, but notwithstanding this he managed to return the fire.

The guards hurried up and for a few minutes there was an exchange of shots. into the woods. The wounded man was taken to a hospital and a posse of officers was soon organized. In less than half an hour after the shooting the officer

ROSENBAUM ROBBER, MAYRE Two Witnesses Identify Man Picked tpas a Hobe.

When Inspector Hughes heard the names of three men arrested early yester-day morning in the New York Central yards at Thirty-third street for trying to beat their way on a train he showed interest and sent Lieut. Williams to the West Side Magistrate's court with Louis P. Rosenbaum, the Bleecker street show dealer who was held up in his store of Monday night when the unsuccessfu

robber fired blank cartridges and fled at the entrance of a woman customer Williams got permission to have the three men lined up with eleven other prisoners for Rosenbaum's inspection Rosenbaum unhesitatingly picked out one of the three as the man who had

The platform declared:

"We congratulate the nation that Democratic principles are rapidly winning favor in all sections of the country and with fair minded men of all parties. We rejoice in the loyalty shown to those principles by the Democratic members of the national Senate and House of Representatives.

"With confidence we ask for comparison of the record of Democratic faithfulness with that of Republican unfaithfulness with that of Republican unfaithfulness with that of Republican unfaithfulness."

He had described himself as Bernard Bates, a telegraph operator 21 years old, of Hazelton. Pa. The men arrested with him called themselves Thomas Henderson and Nicholas Larkin. The three had been sentenced to three days in the workhouse before the woman and the shoe dealer identified Bate. When he finishes his time on Thursday he will be arrested on the robbery charge that the shoe dealer identified Bate. When he finishes his time on Thursday he will be arrested on the robbery charge the shoe of the result of the properties.

# Why Should I Use Cuticura Soap?

"There is nothing the matter with my skin, and I thought Cuticura Soap was only for skin troubles." True, it is for skin troubles, but its great mission is to prevent skin troubles. For more than a generation its delicate emollient and prophylactic properties have rendered it the standard for this purpose, while its extreme purity and refreshing fragrance give to it all the advantages of the best of toilet soaps. It is also invaluable in keeping the hands soft and white, the hair live and glossy, and the scalp free from dandruff and irritation.

While its first cost is a few cents more than that of ordinary toilet soaps, it is prepared with such care and of such materials, that it wears to a wafer, often outlasting several cakes of other soap, and making its use, in practice, most economical. Cuticura Soap is sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, but the truth of these claims may be demonstrated without cost by sending to "Cuticura," Dept. G. Boston, for a liberal sample cake, together with a thirty-twopage book on the skin and hair

## DIED.

HORN.—Peter Horn, aged 30 years Funeral THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d St. (FRANK E. CAMPBELL BLDG ). Wednesday.

O'CONNOR - Suddenly, Rev. James A O'C on July 25, 1911, at his residence Mission, 331 West 57th st. boon. July 28, at 2 o'clock at the Baptist Church, West 57th street. are invited to attend.

UNDERTAKERS.

FRANK F. CAMPBELL, 241-243 W. 23456 Chapels. Ambulance Service. Tel. 1021 Cheses